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193F—20.32(17A) Appeals and review.

20.32(1) Decisions issued by a panel of less than a quorum of the board or by an administrative law judge are proposed decisions.

- a. Proposed decision. Decisions issued by a panel of less than a quorum of the board or by an administrative law judge are proposed decisions. All licensee disciplinary decisions must be issued by the board. A proposed disciplinary decision issued by a panel of the board must be acted upon by the full board in order to become the board's final proposed decision for purposes of 193F—subrule 17.2(4). In nondisciplinary cases, a proposed decision issued by a panel of the board or an administrative law judge becomes a final proposed decision for purposes of 193F—subrule 17.2(4) if not timely appealed by any party or reviewed by the board.
- b. Appeal by party. Any adversely affected party may appeal a proposed decision rendered by a panel of the board or administrative law judge to the board within 30 days after issuance of the proposed decision. Such an appeal is required prior to seeking further intra-agency appeal as set forth in subrule 20.32(2) and 193F—subrule 17.2(4), is required to exhaust administrative remedies and is a jurisdictional prerequisite to seeking judicial review.
- c. Review. The board may initiate review of a proposed decision rendered by a panel of the board or administrative law judge on its own motion at any time within 30 days following the issuance of such a decision.
- d. Notice of appeal. An appeal of a proposed decision is initiated by filing a timely notice of appeal with the board. The notice of appeal must be signed by the appealing party or a representative of that party and contain a certificate of service. The notice shall specify:
 - (1) The parties initiating the appeal;
 - (2) The proposed decision or order which is being appealed;
- (3) The specific findings or conclusions to which exception is taken and any other exceptions to the decision or order;
 - (4) The relief sought;
 - (5) The grounds for relief.
- e. Requests to present additional evidence. A party may request the taking of additional evidence only by establishing that the evidence is material, that good cause existed for the failure to present the evidence at the hearing, and that the party has not waived the right to present the evidence. A written request to present additional evidence must be filed with the notice of appeal or, by a nonappealing party, within 14 days of service of the notice of appeal. The board may remand a case to the presiding officer for further hearing or may itself preside at the taking of additional evidence.
 - f. Scheduling. The board shall issue a schedule for consideration of the appeal.
- g. Briefs and arguments. Unless otherwise ordered, within 20 days of the notice of appeal or order for review, each appealing party may file exceptions and briefs. Within 20 days thereafter, any party may file a responsive brief. Briefs shall cite any applicable legal authority and specify relevant portions of the record in that proceeding. Written requests to present oral argument shall be filed with the briefs. The board may resolve the appeal on the briefs or provide an opportunity for oral argument. The board may shorten or extend the briefing period as appropriate.
- *h. Record.* The record on appeal or review shall be the entire record made before the hearing panel or administrative law judge.
 - **20.32(2)** *Intra-agency review or appeal to the superintendent.*
- a. Proposed decisions. Notwithstanding anything in these rules to the contrary, all board decisions in a contested case following hearing are proposed decisions and shall be provided to the superintendent when issued as required by 193F—subrule 17.2(4). Decisions issued by a panel of less than a quorum of the board or by an administrative law judge shall not constitute a final proposed decision of the board for purposes of this subrule and 193F—subrule 17.2(4) until the appeal and review procedures outlined in subrule 20.32(1) are exhausted and the review process is complete.
- b. Procedures for intra-agency review or appeal to the superintendent. Procedures for intra-agency review or appeal by or to the superintendent in a hearing following a contested case are outlined in 193F—subrule 17.2(4) and are incorporated by reference as if set forth herein.

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c. Intra-agency appeal to superintendent. No person aggrieved by a proposed decision of the board may seek judicial review of that action without first appealing the action to the superintendent, as more fully described in this subrule and 193F—Chapter 17. Such intra-agency appeal to the superintendent is required to exhaust administrative remedies and is a jurisdictional prerequisite to seeking judicial review.

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